

## Annex 5.8 SDLC Security minimum requirements.

The following are baseline security requirements that are set to help developer teams and architects deliver a secure system to MoDEE.

These requirements should be fulfilled in addition to:

- 1- the requirements of previous contracts; i.e. the RFP and Information Security component, and
- 2- all the remediation recommendations resulting from the penetration tests.

#	Item
OWASP Top 10, do all the required to protect the e-services against:	
1.	The delivered system should be protected and secured against OWASP Top 10 <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. <u>1. Broken Access Control</u></li><li>2. <u>2. Cryptographic Failure</u></li><li>3. <u>3. Injection</u></li><li>4. <u>4. Insecure Design</u></li><li>5. <u>5. Security Misconfiguration</u></li><li>6. <u>6. Vulnerable and Outdated Components</u></li><li>7. <u>7. Identification and Authentication Failure</u></li><li>8. <u>8. Software and Data Integrity Failure++++</u></li><li>9. <u>9. Security Logging and Monitoring Features</u></li><li>10. <u>10 Server-Side Request Forgery</u></li></ol>
2.	The system should pass the penetration test by MoDEE
HTTPS protocol	
3.	Use HTTPS protocol on login and sensitive data transfer pages
Software Updates	
4.	Make sure that all SW components used in development are updated and supported by security patches.

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5.	Make sure that all used platforms on servers and back-end officers are up to date and supported by security patches.
6.	Use the latest version of communication protocols; secure versions
<b>Restrict File Uploads</b>	
7.	Validate uploaded file types on the server side
8.	Store files uploaded by clients in separate folders and databases
9.	Restrict types of uploaded files
10.	Ban double extension files
11.	Use antimalware detection like Sandboxing technology on the app and web servers.
<b>Using Captcha</b>	
12.	Use secure CAPTCHA that can protect against bots.
13.	Passing reCAPTCHA is mandatory before submission
14.	Can the CAPTCHA use can collect as minimum user data as possible?
15.	Collect the user's consent before any data collection
<b>Users Passwords</b>	
16.	Use a strong password policy and provide strong password setting guides, For example, 8 4 Rule.
17.	Store passwords as encrypted hashed values?
18.	Lock the account locked after three failed logins
<b>Viruses and Malware</b>	
19.	Use antimalware on the production, Staging, and Development environment; the developer should report to the PM or system team if the antimalware does not exist or is not updated.
<b>Adjust Default Settings</b>	
20.	Are account configuration default settings changed for both the hosting environment and content management system
<b>Error Messages</b>	
21.	The error message displays information that the visitor needs, without revealing the structure of any component of the website.
22.	Detailed errors kept in the server log?
<b>Secure APIs</b>	
23.	Do APIs use HTTPS?
24.	Use token-based API authentication like OAuth 2.0
25.	Tokens should have an expiration time
26.	Configure limit rate on API. i.e. have a limitation on how many times the client is allowed to call it?
27.	Validate API parameters
28.	IDs should be opaque and globally unique. For example, rather than using the ID "1002 "and "1003 "use "r5t844fsg6fssf2vfrb9bd8".
29.	Add a timestamp to the Request, so it only accepts requests within a reasonable timeframe.
30.	Filter the API-returned data on the backend side.

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31.	Prevent request manipulation
32.	Publishing Swagger files is not allowed
<b>User Authentication and Authorization</b>	
33.	Use MFA authentication
34.	Use SANAD authentication services whenever possible Use LDAP protocol to validate admins on the admin portal
<b>OTP requirements</b>	
35.	An expiry time should be added to the OTP value so that the value will expire after a certain time and the value of the expiry time should not exceed 5 minutes.
36.	A lockout feature should be implemented in case the user has inserted too many wrong OTP values in the reset password functionality.
37.	The OTP value should not be used more than once.
38.	OTP request should only hold user ID, phone number or email address should be fetched from the DB.
<b>5.11. Security Logging and Auditing</b>	
39.	Are the website security transactions audited for adequate time?
40.	Are logs securely transmitted to a preferably remote system for analysis, detection, alerting, and escalation?
41.	All system components should be time-synchronized.
<b>General</b>	
42.	Design 3-Tier Architecture
43.	Use SANAD registration and log in wherever possible
44.	Deliver a list of servers for both production and staging environments. The document should describe the functionality of these servers and should define all the ports needed on each machine in the 3 layers and the IP addresses it communicates with (to configure host-based FW)
45.	Web servers' configuration files should not hold any application data.
46.	The system should be protected by the WAF.
47.	Hard-coded credentials are not allowed
48.	Do not publish Admin pages; these should only be used inside SGN
49.	All back-office employees should have OTP
50.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Assure micro-segmentation is in place for all VM's</li><li>Antivirus in place on all VMs</li></ul>
51.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The system should be protected by the WAF</li><li>X-Forwarded IP Address should be configured</li></ul>
52.	Define all data used with its security level as defined in the Data Classification policy (embedded in <b>سياسة استخدام موارد تكنولوجيا المعلومات</b> ) and apply security controls as per the policy
53.	Comply to the policies: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><u>سياسة استخدام موارد تكنولوجيا المعلومات</u></li></ul>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- <u>سياسة أمن الموردين</u></li><li>- <u>سياسة أمن المعلومات العامة</u></li></ul>
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